

UNIVERSITY OF IOANNINA SCHOOL OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

COURSES OUTLINE

GRADUATE STUDIES



COURSE OUTLINE AN2 – GENERAL TOPOLOGY

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate			
COURSE CODE	AN2	SEMESTER	1st	
COURSE TITLE	General Topology			
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES			
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laborate	ory exercises, etc. If the	TEACHING	CREDITS	
credits are awarded for the w	hole of the course, give	HOURS		
the weekly teaching hou	irs and the total credits			
	Lectures	3	7.5	
Add rows if necessary. The o				
and the teaching methods used	l are described in detail			
	at (d)			
COURSE TYPE				
general background,	General Background			
special background,				
specialised general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Language of Instruction (lectures): Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS	Language of Instruction (activities other than lectures): Greek			
	and English			
	Language of Examination	ons: Greek and E	nglish	
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	Course description: htt			
	(go to: Studies -> PostGraduate Studies -> Courses)			
	Learning Management System (e.g.: Moodle):			
	http://users.uoi.gr/kmavridi (go to: Courses)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Learning outcomes according to Bloom Taxonomy:

Remembering:

1. Topological spaces, open and closed sets, interior and closure of sets.

- 2. Continuous functions in topological spaces.
- 3. Axioms of separation.
- 4. Convergence in topological spaces.
- 5. Metric spaces and metrizable spaces.
- 6. Dimension of topological spaces. Dimension of metrizable space.

Comprehension:

- 1. Methods of generating topologies.
- 2. Homeomorphisms.
- 3. Frechet spaces.
- 4. Operations on topological spaces. Functions spaces.
- 5. Compact spaces, locally compact spaces, compactifications, countably compact spaces, pseudocompact spaces, sequentially compact spaces.
- 6. Totally bounded and complete metric spaces.
- 7. Paracompact spaces, countably paracompact spaces.
- 8. Connected spaces, kinds of disconnectedness.
- 9. Uniform spaces, totally bounded, complete and compact uniform spaces, proximity spaces.

Applying:

- 1. Thorough study of topological spaces.
- 2. Thorough study of continuous functions in topological spaces.

Evaluating: Teaching undergraduate courses.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim? Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Production of new research ideas and information, with the use of the Project planning and management necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical Working independently responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Team work Criticism and self-criticism Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment Others...

- Production of free, analytic and inductive thinking.
- Required for the production of new ideas.
- Working independently.
- Team work.
- Decision making.

SYLLABUS

Topological spaces, methods of generating topologies, continuous mappings, axioms of separation, Frechet spaces, subspaces, Cartesian products, quotient spaces, function spaces, compact spaces, locally compact spaces, compactifications, countably compact spaces,

pseudocompact spaces, sequentially compact spaces, totally bounded and complete metric spaces, paracompact spaces, countably paracompact spaces, connected spaces, kinds of disconnectedness, dimension of topological spaces and its basic properties, uniform spaces, totally bounded, complete and compact uniform spaces, proximity spaces.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance earning, etc. USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Lectures in class. Learning Management Syst Use of Learning Management Syst Use of Learning Management Syst Use of Learning Management Syst distributing Management System distributing teaching mention submission of assignment course announcement gradebook keeping for procedures, communicating with states Use of Web Appointment Easy!Appointments) for or appointments. Use of Google services for evaluations regarding the 	ent System (e.g.: Moodle), for naterial, eents, es, r all students evaluation tudents. Scheduling System (e.g.: organising office r submitting anonymous	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	bibliography		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Preparation of assignments	70.5	
analysis of bibliography,	and interactive teaching		
tutorials, placements, clinical	Course total	187.5	
practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching,			
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given			
as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the			
principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation	Language of evaluation: Greek and English.		
procedure			
Language of evaluation,	Methods of evaluation:		
methods of evaluation,	 Weekly presentations – oral exams, combined with 		
summative or conclusive,	weekly written assignments.		
multiple choice questionnaires,	In any case, all students can participate in written		
short-answer questions, open-	exams at the end of the semester.		

ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	The aforementioned information along with all the required
essay/report, oral examination,	details are available through the course's website. The
public presentation, laboratory	information is explained in detail at the beginning of the
work, clinical examination of	semester, as well as, throughout the semester, during the
patient, art interpretation,	lectures. Reminders are also posted at the beginning of the
other	semester and throughout the semester, through the
Specifically-defined evaluation	course's website. Upon request, all the information is
criteria are given, and if and	provided using email or social networks.
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Suggested bibliography:

- Ryszard Engelking General Topology
- James Munkres Topology
- John Kelley General Topology

- *Related academic journals:* Variety of international, peer-reviewed journals, with related content.

COURSE OUTLINE AN4 – FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	AN4 SEMESTER 1st		1st
COURSE TITLE	Functional Analysis		
INDEPENDENT TE	ACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separate	e components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		_	
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching			
and the teaching methods used are described in detail			
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background, specialised	General Background	1	
general knowledge, skills			
development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The objectives of the course are:

The acquisition of background from the students on the basic structures and techniques of Functional Analysis, as independent knowledge as well as a tool for the other branches of Analysis, so that they will have the potential to apply the knowledge they get in applications.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the

course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary	
environment	Others
The course sime to give the postgradu	ate student the ability to analyse and synthesize

The course aims to give the postgraduate student the ability to analyse and synthesize advanced concepts of Functional Analysis. The goal is to acquire the skills for autonomous work and teamwork in an interdisciplinary environment and to able to produce new research ideas.

SYLLABUS

- Normes spaces, Banach spaces and Hilbert spaces, classical examples (sequence spaces and function spaces). Basic theorems.
- General theory of topological vector spaces, locally convex spaces, separation theorems.
- Weak topologies, theorems of Mazur, Alaoglu and Goldstine, weak compactness.
- Schauder bases and basic sequences.
- Extreme points, Krein Milman theorem.
- Riesz representation theorem, L_p spaces.
- Fixed point theorems.

DELIVERY		
Face-to-face, Distance	Face-to-face	
earning, etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND		
COMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching,		
laboratory education,		
communication		
with students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Study at home	78
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Resolving exercises-	70.5
practice, fieldwork, study and	assignments	
analysis of bibliography,	Course total	187.5
tutorials, placements, clinical		
practice, art workshop,		
interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for		

each learning activity are given	
as well as the hours of non-	
directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Written examination at the end of the semester.
procedure	
Language of evaluation,	
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Habala, Hajek, Zizler, Introduction to Banach Spaces I and II.
- W. Rudin, Functional Analysis.
- J. Lindenstrauss, L. Tzafriri, Banach spaces I.
- F. Albiac, N. Kalton, Topics in Banach Space theory.
- Νεγρεπόντης, Ζαχαριάδης, Καλαμίδας, Φαρμάκη, Γενική Τοπολογία και Συναρτησιακή Ανάλυση.

COURSE OUTLINE AN7 – MEASURE THEORY

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	AN7 SEMESTER 2nd		2nd
COURSE TITLE	Measure Theory	Measure Theory	
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ		WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		_	
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching			
and the teaching methods used are described in detail			
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS	Sieek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

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- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The objectives of the course are:

The acquisition of background for the students on the basic structures and the main theorems of Measure Theory (measure, Lebesgue integral) and their potential to use them in applications.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the

course aim?			
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas		
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management		
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical		
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues		
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism		
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary			
environment	Others		
The course aims at enabling the postgraduate student to acquire the ability to analyse and			

The course aims at enabling the postgraduate student to acquire the ability to analyse and synthesize basic knowledge of advanced Measure Theory. With these supplies he will be able to work in a multidisciplinary environment.

SYLLABUS

Measure spaces, Lebesgue measure, measurable functions and Lebesgue integral, Monotone convergence Theorem and Dominated convergence Theorem, relation between Riemann and Lebesgue integral. Product measures, Fubini's Theorem. L^p spaces. Signed measures, Hahn decomposition, Radon-Nikodym Theorem. Convergence of sequences of measurable functions.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance earning, etc.	Teaching on the blackboard.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Communication with the students by e-mail.	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Study at home	78
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Resolving exercises-	70.5
practice, fieldwork, study and	assignments	
analysis of bibliography,	Course total	187.5
tutorials, placements, clinical		
practice, art workshop,		
interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for		
each learning activity are given		
as well as the hours of non-		

directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Written examination at the end of semester (obligatory),
procedure	delivery of work and exercises during the semester
Language of evaluation,	(obligatory), lecture-presentation in the class by the student
methods of evaluation,	(optional).
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Γ. Κουμουλλής και Στ. Νεγρεπόντης Θεωρία Μέτρου. Εκδόσεις Συμμετρία, 2005
- D. Cohn Measure Theory, Birkhauser, Boston 1988
- P. Halmos, Measure Theory, Springer Verlag.

COURSE OUTLINE AΛ1 – ALGEBRA I

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	ΑΛ1		
COURSE TITLE	Algebra I		
if credits are awarded for separ		WFFKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching			
and the teaching methods used are described in detail			
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

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- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aims of the course are:

The postgraduate student to reach a good level of theoretical background on topics related to the theory of group actions, the Sylow theorems and the general theory of modules over associative rings.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the

course aim?		
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas	
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management	
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism	
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment	
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical	
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues	
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism	
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking	
Working in an interdisciplinary		
environment	Others	
The aim of the course is to enpower the postgraduate student to analyse and compose basic		

The aim of the course is to enpower the postgraduate student to analyse and compose basic notions of advanced Algebra. This will allow him to work in an international interdisciplinary environment.

SYLLABUS

Group actions on a set, Sylow theorems and applications, Direct and semidirect products, Finitely generated abelian groups, Free groups, Amalgamated free product of groups, Jordan-Hoelder theorem, Modules and homomorphisms between modules, Free modules, Direct sum and product of modules, Exact sequences and functors, Noetherian rings and modules, Semisimple rings and modules, Elements of multilinear and tensor algebra.

DELIVERY		
Face-to-face, Distance	Face-to-face	
earning, etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND		
COMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching,		
laboratory education,		
communication		
with students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Study of theory and	148.5
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	solving of exercises	
practice, fieldwork, study and		
analysis of bibliography,	Course total	187.5
tutorials, placements, clinical		
practice, art workshop,		
interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for		
each learning activity are given		

as well as the hours of non-	
directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Written exam at the end of semester (obligatory), problem
procedure	solving or/and intermediate exams (optional).
Language of evaluation,	
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Marmaridis Nikos, Introduction to Group Theory (Greek), Leipsoi 2013
- Dummit, David, Foote, Richard M., Abstract algebra.
- Third edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, NJ, 2004

COURSE OUTLINE FE2 – DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	FE2 SEMESTER 1st		1st
COURSE TITLE	Differential Geometry		
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate	· · ·	TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hou			
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching			
and the teaching methods used			
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES	Linear Algebra, Topology, Elementary differential geometry,		
	Calculus, Analysis of several variables.		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course introduces the basic notions of differential and Riemannian geometry.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Production of new research ideas

and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary	
environment	Others
Work autonomously	
Work in teams	
Develop critical thinking skills.	

SYLLABUS

Differentiable manifolds, immersions, embeddings, submanifolds, vector fields, orientation covering spaces, partition of unity, Riemannian manifolds, Levi-Civita connection, curvature tensor, geodesics, exponential map. Isometric immersions, second fundamental form, hypersurfaces, Gauss, Codazzi and Ricci equations, applications.

DELIVERY		
Face-to-face, Distance	Direct	
earning, etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND		
COMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching,		
laboratory education,		
communication		
with students	_	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Autonomous study	148.5
Lectures, seminars, laboratory		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Course total	187.5
analysis of bibliography,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
tutorials, placements, clinical		
practice, art workshop,		
interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for		
each learning activity are given		
as well as the hours of non-		
directed study according to the		
principles of the ECTS		

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Written final examination.
procedure	
Language of evaluation,	
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Manfredo do Carmo, Riemannian geometry, Birkauser, 1992
- John M. Lee, Introduction to smooth manifolds, Springer, 2013
- M. Spivak, A comprehensive introduction to differential geometry, Publish or Perish, 1979.

COURSE OUTLINE AA3A – NUMERICAL LINEAR ALGEBRA I

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	AA3A	SEMESTER	1st
COURSE TITLE	Numerical Linear Algebra I		
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate	ory exercises, etc. If the	TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The o	rganisation of teaching		
and the teaching methods used are described in detail			
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS	Creek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After successful end of this course, students will be able to:

- know and understand the Perron-Frobenius Theory,
- know the differences of Perron-Frobenius Theory as applied to different classes of matrices (irreducible, cyclic, primitive and reducible),
- know the efficiency of the Perron-Frobenius Theory in applications,
- know and understand the theory of Krylov subspace methods,
- know error analysis,

- know the preconditioned techniques and the necessity of preconditioning,
- implement the above methods with programs on a computer.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?			
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas		
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management		
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical		
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues		
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism		
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary			
environment	Others		

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

SYLLABUS

Perron-Frobenius Theory of Nonnegative Matrices: Irreducible Matrices, Cyclic and Primitive Matrices, Reducible Matrices. Extension of the Perron-Frobenius Theory, M-matrices, Applications of the Perron-Frobenius Theory. Minimization methods for the Solution of Linear Systems: Conjugate Gradient Method, Convergence Theory, Error Analysis, Preconditioning Techniques, Preconditioned Conjugate Gradient Methods, Applications.

DELIVERY		
Face-to-face, Distance	In the class	
learning, etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND		
COMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching,		
laboratory education,		
communication with students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in	Study and analysis of bibliografy	78
detail.	Exercises-Homeworks	70.5
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Course total	187.5
practice, fieldwork, study and		

analysis of bibliography,	
tutorials, placements, clinical	
practice, art workshop,	
interactive teaching,	
educational visits, project,	
essay writing, artistic	
creativity, etc.	
The student's study hours for	
each learning activity are	
given as well as the hours of	
non-directed study according	
to the principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Written examination – Oral Examination.
procedure	
Language of evaluation,	
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice	
questionnaires, short-answer	
questions, open-ended	
questions, problem solving,	
written work, essay/report,	
oral examination, public	
presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Numerical Linear Algebra, Dougalis V., Noutsos D., Hadjidimos A., University of Ioannina Press.
- Personal Transparencies.

COURSE OUTLINE EM1A – METHODS OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	EM1A	SEMESTER	1st
COURSE TITLE	Methods of Applied M		
	TEACHING ACTIVITIES	athematics	
if credits are awarded for separ		WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching			
and the teaching methods used	are described in detail		
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is an introduction to the basic analytical and numerical methods of applied mathematics. The objectives of the course are:

- Development of the theoretical background of the postgraduate student in matters relating to Applied Mathematics
- Ability of the student to apply analytical, approximate and numerical methods in problems of Mathematics, Physics and Engineering.
- Upon completion of the course the graduate student will be able to solve problems with

analytical, approximate or numerical methods and further deepen the understanding of such methods.

General Competences

Taking into a posideration the general compatences that the degree holder must acquire (as			
Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as			
these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the			
course aim?			
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas		
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management		
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical		
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues		
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism		
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary			
environment	Others		
 Adapting to new situations 			
 Decision-making 			

- Decision-makingWorking independently
- Team work

SYLLABUS

Dimensional analysis and normalization, Perturbation theory for algebraic equations, integral and differential equations, Physical models described by partial differential equations (PDEs), Wave phenomena in continuous media, The course includes training in computational methods in the computer laboratory (Mechanics lab).

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In the class	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of computer (Mechanics) Jab	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of computer (Mechanics) lab	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Self-study	78
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Homework-Projects	70.5
practice, fieldwork, study and	Course total	187.5
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,		
placements, clinical practice, art		
workshop, interactive teaching,		

advantional visite anniast	
educational visits, project, essay	
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	
The student's study hours for each	
learning activity are given as well	
as the hours of non-directed study	
according to the principles of the	
ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Weekly assignments
procedure	Final project
Language of evaluation, methods	 Written examination at the end of the semester
of evaluation, summative or	
conclusive, multiple choice	
questionnaires, short-answer	
questions, open-ended questions,	
problem solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation, other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
, students.	

- Applied Mathematics, Logan D.J., 1st Edition, 2010 (in Greek).
- Perturbation Methods, A.H. Nayfeh, 1η έκδοση, Willey-VCH, 2000.

COURSE OUTLINE EM4A – FLUID MECHANICS

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate	-	
COURSE CODE	EM4A	SEMESTER	2nd
COURSE TITLE	Fluid Mechanics		1
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate	ory exercises, etc. If the	TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w	•	HOURS	
the weekly teaching hou	irs and the total credits		
	Lectures	3	7.5
	dd rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching		
and the teaching methods used			
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is an introduction to the analytical and numerical methods of Fluid Mechanics. The objectives of the course are:

- Development of the theoretical background of the postgraduate student in matters relating to Fluid Mechanics and ability of the student to apply analytical, approximate and numerical methods in Fluid Mechanics problems.
- Upon completion of the course the graduate student will be able to solve problems with analytical, approximate or numerical methods and further deepen the understanding of such methods.

General Competences

5 1	petences that the degree-holder must acquire (as nd appear below), at which of the following does the
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary	
environment	Others

The course aims to enable the postgraduate student to:

- Develop the ability to analyse and synthesize basic knowledge of Fluid Mechanics.
- Adapt to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work

All the above will give to the students the opportunity to work in an international multidisciplinary environment.

SYLLABUS

Kinematics of Fluids, Fluid flow analysis, Equation of continuity and stream function, motion equations for Ideal and real fluids, laminar and turbulent flow, Boundary layer flows with adverse pressure gradient, Numerical Methods in Fluid Mechanics, Classification of fluid dynamics problems and relevant equations that describe basic numerical schemes, method of finite differences, compatibility, stability and convergence of numerical schemes, finite volume method, Introduction to the method of weighted residues, finite element method. The course includes training in computational methods in the computer laboratory (Mechanics lab).

DELIVERY	
Face-to-face, Distance	In the class
earning, etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	
COMMUNICATIONS	
TECHNOLOGY	
Use of ICT in teaching,	Lice of computer (Machanice) Jah
laboratory education,	Use of computer (Mechanics) lab
communication	
with students	

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Self study	78
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Homework-Projects	70.5
practice, fieldwork, study and	Course total	187.5
analysis of bibliography,		
tutorials, placements, clinical		
practice, art workshop,		
interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for		
each learning activity are given		
as well as the hours of non-		
directed study according to the		
principles of the ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation	Weekly assignments	
procedure	Final project	
Language of evaluation,	• Written examination at the	end of the semester
methods of evaluation,		
summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires,		
short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem		
solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation,		
other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and		
where they are accessible to		
students.		
510001115.		

- Fluid Mechanics, Volume 1, A. Papaioanou, 2nd Edition, 2001 (in Greek).
- Computational Fluid Mechanics, I. Soulis, 1st Edition, 2008 (in Greek).
- Numerical heat transfer and fluid flow, S.V. Patankar, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1980.
- The Finite Element Method, Vol. 1, The Basis, O.C. Zienkiewicz, R.L. Taylor, 5th Ed., Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, 2000.
- Computational Techniques for fluid Dynamics, C.A.J. Fletcher Volumes I and II, 2nd Ed. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1991.

COURSE OUTLINE ΠΛ4Α – ALGORITHMIC GRAPH THEORY

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	ΠΛ4Α	SEMESTER	2nd
COURSE TITLE	Algorithmic Graph The	ory	I
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES	•	
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate	ory exercises, etc. If the	TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w	hole of the course, give	HOURS	
the weekly teaching hou	irs and the total credits		
	Lectures	3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The o	rganisation of teaching		
and the teaching methods used	and the teaching methods used are described in detail		
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS	Creek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course aims at introducing to students fundamental algorithmic techniques for solving problems related and modeled by graphs.

After successfully passing this course the students will be able to:

- Understand graph theory
- Design and analyze algorithms for graph problems
- Understand difficult problems on graph classes.

General Competences

· · · · · ·	petences that the degree-holder must acquire (as nd appear below), at which of the following does the
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary	
environment	Others

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Working independently
- Team work
- Project planning and management.

SYLLABUS

- Fundamental Graph Theory
- Algorithmic and Combinatorial Graph Problems
- Complexity Classes and Parameterized Algorithms
- Chordal graphs, Comparability graphs, Split graphs
- Permutation graphs, Interval graphs, Cographs, Threshold graphs
- Algorithmic problems and width parameters.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance earning, etc.	In the class	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of projector and interactive board during lectures.	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Working independently	78
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Exercises – Homework 70.5	
practice, fieldwork, study and	Course total 187.5	
analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical		·

practice, art workshop,	
interactive teaching,	
educational visits, project, essay	
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	
The student's study hours for	
each learning activity are given	
as well as the hours of non-	
directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Written work (50%)
procedure	Essay / report (20%)
Language of evaluation,	 Public presentation (30%)
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- [Go2004] M. Golumbic, Algorithmic Graph Theory and Perfect Graphs, NORTH-HOLLAND, 2004
- [BSL99] A. Brandstädt, J. Spinrad, and V. Lee, Graph Classes: A Survey, SIAM Monographs on Discrete Math. and Applications, 1999.
- [NPG15] Nikolopoulos, S., Georgiadis, L., Palios, L., Algorithmic Graph Theory. Kallipos, 2015

COURSE OUTLINE ΣΕΕ1 – MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science	School of Science	
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	ΣΕΕ1 SEMESTER 1st		1st
COURSE TITLE	Mathematical Statistic	S	
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w	•	HOURS	
the weekly teaching hou			
	Lectures-Laboratory	3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The o	rganisation of teaching		
and the teaching methods used	and the teaching methods used are described in detail		
at (d)			
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS	Greek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English, reading Course)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS	tes (in English, reading Course)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to extend the knowledge which the students have obtained during their undergraduate studies on several themes of Mathematical Statistics and to present some special topics of Mathematical Statistics.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Counch for an abasis and south asis of data	Due duetien of neuropeanuch ideas		
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas		
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management		
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical		
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues		
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism		
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary			
environment	Others		
Working independently			
Decision-making			
 Production of free, creative and inductive thinking 			

Criticism and self-criticism.

SYLLABUS

Extensions of the following subjects: Unbiasdness, Sufficient, Minimal Sufficient, Completeness, Consistency, Theorem of: Rao-Blackwell, Lehmann-Scheffé, Basu. Maximum Likelihood Estimators: Properties-Asymptotic Properties. Decision Theory: minimax, Bayes estimators. Modified Likelihood, EM algorithm, Numerical methods of finding estimators. Confidence intervals: pivotal quantity, Asymptotic method etc. Delta Method- Asymptotic statistics.

DELIVERY			
Face-to-face, Distance	Classroom (face-to-face)		
earning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND			
COMMUNICATIONS			
TECHNOLOGY			
Use of ICT in teaching,	Use of ICT in communication with	students	
laboratory education,			
communication			
with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Working independently	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Exercises – Homework	70.5	
practice, fieldwork, study and	Course total	187.5	
analysis of bibliography,			
tutorials, placements, clinical			
practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching,			
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for			
each learning activity are given			

as well as the hours of non-	
directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Final written exam in Greek (in case of Erasmus students in
procedure	English).
Language of evaluation,	
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	
students.	

- Suggested bibliography:

Books in English

- Casella, G. and Berger, R.L. (2002). *Statistical Inference*. Duxbury Press; 2nd edition.
- Mood A. et al. (1974). Introduction to the theory of Statistics. McGraw-Hill.
- Roussas G. (1997). A course in Mathematical Statistics. Academic Press.
- Hogg, R and Craig, A. (1978). Introduction to Mathematical Statistics.
- Lehmann, E.L. and Casella, G. (1998). Theory of point estimation. Springer; 2nd edition
- Bickel, P.J. and Doksum, K.A. (1977). *Mathematical Statistics, Basic Ideas and Selected Topics, Vol. 1.* Holden-Day.
- Rohatgi, V.K. (1976). *An Introduction to Probability Theory and Mathematical Statistics*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Rao, C. R. (1973). *Linear Statistical Inference and its Applications*. Wiley: 2nd edition.
- Lehmann, E.L. and Romano, J.P. (2005). *Testing statistical hypotheses*. Springer; Third edition, New York.
- Van der Vaart (1998). Asymptotic Statistics. Cambridge University Press.

Books in Greek

- Τ. ΠΑΠΑΙΩΑΝΝΟΥ-Κ. ΦΕΡΕΝΤΙΝΟΥ: Μαθηματική Στατιστική Εκδόσεις Σταμούλη.
- Ηλιόπουλος, Γ. (2013). Βασικές Μέθοδοι Εκτίμησης Παραμέτρων. Εκδόσεις Σταμούλη; 2η έκδοση

COURSE OUTLINE ΣΕΕ2 – LINEAR MODELS

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	ΣΕΕ2	SEMESTER	1st
COURSE TITLE	Linear Models		
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w	•	HOURS	
the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The o	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching		
and the teaching methods used			
	at (d)		
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS	UICEK		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English, reading Course)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The purpose of the course is:

- the deepening of knowledge of linear models acquired during undergraduate studies
- the extension of these concepts
- the presentation of specialized knowledge of Linear Models with applications in statistical data analysis.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the

course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary	
environment	Others
 Working independently 	
 Decision-making 	

- Adapting to new situations
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment.

SYLLABUS

General Linear Model of full Rank, Multiple Regression Analysis, Analysis of residuals-Diagnostics, Selection of Variables, Two way analysis of variance with equal and unequal numbers per cell. Models of non full rank.

DELIVERY			
Face-to-face, Distance	Face-to-face		
earning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND			
COMMUNICATIONS			
TECHNOLOGY	Use of ICT in communication with students		
Use of ICT in teaching,			
laboratory education,			
communication			
with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Independent study	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study and analysis of	70.5	
practice, fieldwork, study and	bibliography, Fieldwork		
analysis of bibliography,	Course total	187.5	
tutorials, placements, clinical			
practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching,			
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for			

each learning activity are given	
as well as the hours of non-	
directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	Final written exam in Greek (in case of Erasmus students in
procedure	English).
Language of evaluation,	
methods of evaluation,	
summative or conclusive,	
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Suggested bibliography:

In Greek

- Καρακώστας, Κ. (1993). Παλινδρόμηση και Ανάλυση της Διακύμανσης. Πανεπιστήμιο Ιωαννίνων
- Λουκάς, Σ. (2014). Γενικό Γραμμικό Μοντέλο. Πανεπιστήμιο Ιωαννίνων

In English

- Draper , N. R. and Smith, H. (1981). Applied Regression Analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., N.Y.
- Searle, S. R. (1971). Linear Models. John Wiley & Sons, Inc, N. Y., London
- Seber, G. A. F. (1977). Linear Regression Analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc, N.Y.

COURSE OUTLINE ΣΕΕ7 – NON LINEAR PROGRAMING

GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	ΣΕΕ7	SEMESTER	2nd
COURSE TITLE	Non Linear Programing	ß	
INDEPENDENT	TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laborate		TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the w		HOURS	
the weekly teaching hou		_	
	Lectures	3	7.5
	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching		
and the teaching methods used			
	at (d)		
COURSE TYPE			
general background,			
special background,	Special background		
specialised general			
knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek		
and EXAMINATIONS			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)		
ERASMUS STUDENTS	· · · · ·		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to introduce students to the fundamentals of non-linear optimization. Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- understand the basic principles of nonlinear optimization problems.
- use some of the commonly used algorithms for nonlinear optimization (unconstrained and constrained)
- select the appropriate algorithm for a particular optimization problem.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?			
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas		
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management		
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical		
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues		
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism		
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary			
environment	Others		
 Working independently 			

- Decision-making
- Adapting to new situations
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology.

SYLLABUS

Introduction to unconstrained and constrained optimization, Lagrange Multipliers, Karush-Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Line Search, Trust Region, Conjugate Gradient, Newton, Quasi-Newton methods, Quadratic Programming, Penalty Barrier and Augmented Lagrangian Methods.

DELIVERY	Free to free		
Face-to-face, Distance	Face-to-face		
earning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND			
COMMUNICATIONS			
TECHNOLOGY			
Use of ICT in teaching,	Lindo/Lingo Software, Mathemati	ca, Email, class web	
laboratory education,			
communication			
with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Independent study	78	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study and analysis of	70.5	
practice, fieldwork, study and	bibliography, Fieldwork		
analysis of bibliography,	Course total 187.5		
tutorials, placements, clinical		·	
practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching,			

educational visits, project, essay	
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	
The student's study hours for	
each learning activity are given	
as well as the hours of non-	
directed study according to the	
principles of the ECTS	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
EVALUATION	
Description of the evaluation	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek
procedure	
Language of evaluation,	METHODS OF EVALUATION:
methods of evaluation,	• Written work (30%)
summative or conclusive,	• Final exam (70%)
multiple choice questionnaires,	
short-answer questions, open-	
ended questions, problem	
solving, written work,	
essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory	
work, clinical examination of	
patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and	
where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Suggested bibliography:

- Bazarra, Sherali, and Shetty Nonlinear Programming: Theory and Algorithms, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006
- Bertsekas D. Nonlinear Programming, Athena Scientic, 2004
- Luenberger, David G.; Ye, Yinyu (2008). Linear and nonlinear programming. (Fourth ed). New York: Springer
- Γεωργίου Α. Βασιλείου Π.-Χ. Μη γραμμικές μέθοδοι βελτιστοποίησης, Εκδόσεις Ζήτη, 1996
- Παπαγεωργίου Μ. Μη γραμμικός προγραμματισμός. Ηλεκτρονικό σύγγραμμα.

- Related academic journals:

- Computational Optimization and Applications
- Journal of Global Optimization
- Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications
- Optimal Control Applications and Methods
- Optimization
- SIAM Journal on Optimization (SIOPT).

COURSE OUTLINE ΣΕΕ3 – MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMING

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL School of Science		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Graduate		
COURSE CODE	ΣΕΕ3	SEMESTER	1st
COURSE TITLE	Mathematica	al Programing	
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lectures		3	7.5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d)			
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development		round	
PREREQUISITE COURSES			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS	Greek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in English)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes are: the presentation of mathematical programming problems, the presentation of their solution techniques and their applications in several areas such as production, distribution, routing, etc.

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- model complex systems
- comprehend the mathematical foundation of the Simplex method and the dual theory

٠	understand and apply the appropriate techniques required to solve linear optimization
	problems

- understand the principles of dynamic programming and apply dynamic programming solution techniques
- recognize and apply the appropriate inventory management policies (depending, each time, on underlying assumptions of the system)

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Production of new research ideas
and information, with the use of the	Project planning and management
necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical
Working independently	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary	
environment	Others
 Working independently 	

- Decision-making
- Adapting to new situations
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Project planning and management

SYLLABUS

Linear programming problems formulation. The Simplex algorithm. Big M-method. Two-Phase method. Revised Simplex method. Duality theory. Dual Simplex algorithm. Sensitivity analysis. Parametric analysis. Transportation problem. Transhipment problem. Assignment problem. Dynamic programming: Bellman principle of optimality, finite and infinite horizon problems. Applications of dynamic programming. Inventory control.

DELIVERY	
Face-to-face, Distance	Face-to-face
earning, etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	
COMMUNICATIONS	
TECHNOLOGY	
Use of ICT in teaching,	Lindo/Lingo Software, Email, Class Web
laboratory education,	
communication	
with students	

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Independent study	70
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study and analysis of	78.5
practice, fieldwork, study and	bibliography, Fieldwork	
analysis of bibliography,	(6-7 sets of homework)	
tutorials, placements, clinical		
practice, art workshop,	Course total	187.5
interactive teaching,		·
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for		
each learning activity are given		
as well as the hours of non-		
directed study according to the		
principles of the ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Gre	eek
procedure		
Language of evaluation,	METHODS OF EVALUATION:	
methods of evaluation,	• Written work (30%)	
summative or conclusive,	• Final exam (70%)	
multiple choice questionnaires,		
short-answer questions, open-		
ended questions, problem		
solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation,		
other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and		
where they are accessible to		
students.		

- Bellman, R.E. Dynamic Programming, Princeton University Press, 1957, Princeton, NJ. Republished 2003
- Bertsekas D. P. Dynamic Programming and Optimal Control, Vols. I and II, Athena Scientific, 1995, (3rd Edition Vol. I, 2005, 4th Edition Vol. II, 2012),
- Bertsimas D. and J. N. Tsitsiklis Introduction to Linear Optimization, Athena Scientific 1997
- Gass S. Linear Programming Methods and Applications, McGraw-Hill 1985
- Hadley G. Linear Programming, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, INC, 1965
- Τaha H., Επιχειρησιακή Έρευνα Εκδόσεις Α. Τζιολα & YIOI Α.Ε., 2011
- Hillier F. S. and G. J. Lieberman Introduction Operations research. The McGraw-Hill Companies, 2001

- Johnson L. A. and D. C Douglas, Operations research in production planning scheduling and inventory control. John Willey and Sons, New-York, 1974
- Silver E. A., D.F. Pyke and R. Peterson, Inventory Management and Production Planning and Scheduling. John Willey and Sons, New-York, 3rd Edition, 1998
- Tersine R. J., Principles of inventory and materials management, Prentice Hall International Inc, New Jersey, 4rd Edition, 1994
- Wagner H.M and T.M Within (1958) Dynamic version of the economic lot size model. Management Science, 5(1), 89-96
- Winston W. L., Operations research (Applications and algorithms). Duxbury Press (International Thomson Publishing) 1994.
- Βασιλειου Π. και Τσαντας Ν., Εισαγωγή στην επιχειρησιακή έρευνα, Εκδόσεις ΖΗΤΗ 2000.
- Κολετσος Ι., και Στογιαννης Δ. Εισαγωγή στην επιχειρησιακή έρευνα, Εκδόσεις Συμεών, 2012
- Κουνιας Σ. και Φακινος Δ., Γραμμικός Προγραμματισμός, Εκδόσεις ΖΗΤΗ, Θεσσαλονίκη 1999.
- Λουκακης Μ. Επιχειρησιακή έρευνα γραμμικός προγραμματισμός, Εκδοτικό Κέντρο Βορείου Ελλάδας, 1994.
- Παπαρριζος Κ., Γραμμικός Προγραμματισμός. Εκδόσεις Ζυγός, Θεσσαλονίκη 1999.
- Σισκος Γ., Γραμμικός Προγραμματισμός, Εκδόσεις Νέων Τεχνολογιών, Αθήνα 1998.
- Φακινου Δ. και Οικονομου Α., Εισαγωγή στην επιχειρησιακή έρευνα- Θεωρία και Ασκήσεις, Αθήνα 2003.

- Related academic journals:

- Mathematical Programming Journal, Series A and Series B
- INFORMS Transactions on Education (ITE)
- Interfaces