#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

## GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Mathematics				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	MAE725	SEMESTER 7			
COURSE TITLE	Ring Theory				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		3	6		
l					
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the					
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	Specialised gener	ral knowledge			
general background,					
special background,					
specialised general					
knowledge, skills					
development	NO				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO				
LANGUAGE OF	Greek				
INSTRUCTION and					
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED	YES				
TO ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://users.uoi.gr/abeligia/RingTheory/RingTheory2014/RingTheory2014.html				

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The principal aim of the course is to introduce the students to the main tools and methods of the theory of non-commutative rings, where by non-commutative ring is meant an associative ring with

unit, which is not necessarily commutative.

The main objective of the course is to present the basic theory of rings and the ideas which lead to the proof of: (a) the fundamental theorem of Wedderburn-Artin concerning the structure of semisimple rings and, (b) the fundamental density theorem of Jacobson concerning the structure of primitive rings. A key element in the study of a ring is the interaction and interplay between ring-theoretical properties of the ring and the structure of its (left or right) ideals or modules. In the course a variety of examples and constructions will be analyzed and various applications of ring theory to other areas of mathematics (in particular of algebra) will be explored.

At the end of the course we expect the student to have understood the definitions and basic theorems which are discussed in the course, to have understood how they are applied in discrete examples, to be able to apply the material in order to extract new elementary conclusions, and finally to perform some (no so obvious) calculations.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others

The course aims to enable the undergraduate student to acquire the ability to analyse and synthesize basic knowledge of the Theory of Rings, which is an important part of modern algebra. The contact of the undergraduate student with the ideas and concepts of the theory of rings, promotes the creative, analytical and deductive thinking and the ability to apply abstract knowledge in various fields.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Rings – Homomorphisms – Ideals – Quotient Rings – Modules – Rings arising from various constructions – Algebras – Group algebras – Modules over group algebras – Module homomorphisms – The bicommutator – Simple faithful modules and primitive rings – Artin rings – Simple finite dimensional algebras over algebraically closed fields – Artinian modules – Noetherian rings and modules – Jacobson radical.

#### **TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION**

DELIVERY	Face to face.
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	
COMMUNICATIONS	
TECHNOLOGY	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	
education, communication with	

students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory				
practice, fieldwork, study and				
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,				
placements, clinical practice, art				
workshop, interactive teaching,	Study of the elements of	18		
educational visits, project, essay	the theory and methods			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	for solving exercises			
The student's study hours for each				
learning activity are given as well	Course total	57		
as the hours of non-directed study		57		
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE				
EVALUATION	Combination of: Weekly homework, presentations in			
Description of the evaluation	the class by the students, written work, and, at the end			
procedure	of the semester, written final exams in Greek			
	combining analysis of theore	etical topics and problem		
Language of evaluation, methods	solving.			
of evaluation, summative or				
conclusive, multiple choice				
questionnaires, short-answer				
questions, open-ended questions,				
problem solving, written work,				
essay/report, oral examination,				
public presentation, laboratory				
work, clinical examination of				
patient, art interpretation, other				
Specifically-defined evaluation				
criteria are given, and if and				
where they are accessible to				
students.				

# ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Nathan Jacobson: "Basic Algebra I & II ", W. H. Freeman and Company, (1985 & 1989).
- I.N. Herstein: "Non-commutative Rings", AMS, Carus Mathematical Monographs 85, (1971).
- Luis Rowen: "Ring Theory (student edition)", Academic Press, Second Edition, (1991).
- T.Y. Lam: "A First Course in Noncommutative Rings", GTM 131, Springer, (2001).
- P. M. Cohn: "Introduction to Ring Theory", Springer (2000).
- Y. Drozd and V. Kirichenko: "Finite Dimensional Algebras", Springer (1994).

- Related academic journals: -